AMRELI STEELS LIMITED

REPORT FOR THE NINE MONTHS AND QUARTER ENDED

31 MARCH 2020



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COMPANY INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS	
Mr. Abbas Akberali	Chairman, Non-Executive Director
Mr. Shayan Akberali	Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Badar Kazmi	Independent Director
Mr. Zafar Ahmed Taji	Independent Director
Mr. Teizoon Kisat	Independent Director
Ms. Kinza Shayan	Non-Executive Director
Ms. Mariam Akberali	Non-Executive Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE	
Mr. Teizoon Kisat	Chairman
Mr. Badar Kazmi	Member
Mr. Zafar Ahmed Taji	Member
Ms. Kinza Shayan	Member

HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE			
Mr. Zafar Ahmed Taji	Chairman		
Mr. Teizoon Kisat	Member		
Mr. Shayan Akberali	Member		
Ms. Kinza Shayan	Member		

CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER (STRATEGY)

Mr. Hadi Akberali

CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER (OPERATIONS) & CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Fazal Ahmed

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Adnan Abdul Ghaffar

HEAD OF INTERNAL AUDIT

Mr. Fraz Ahmed

EXTERNAL AUDITORS

EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road, Karachi, Pakistan

INTERNAL AUDITORS

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SHARE REGISTRAR

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CORPORATE ADVISOR

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Tel: 021-34374811-5

BANKERS

Askari Bank Limited	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited
Allied Bank Limited	JS Bank Limited
Bank Al Habib Limited	MCB Islamic Bank Limited
Bank Alfalah Limited	Meezan Bank Limited
Bank Islami Pakistan Limited	Samba Bank Limited
Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited
Faysal Bank Limited	United Bank Limited
Habib Bank Limited	

REGISTERED OFFICE

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STEEL MELT SHOP (SMS) AND DHABEJI ROLLING MILL (DRM)

Industrial Land, Deh Gharo, Tapo Gharo, Taluka Mirpur Sakro

(Distt: Thatta), Sindh, Pakistan

SYMBOL AT PAKISTAN STOCK EXCHANGE LIMITED

ASTL

WEBSITE INFORMATION

www.amrelisteels.com

DIRECTORS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors of your Company present their review on the financial and operational performance of your Company for the guarter and nine months' period ended 31 March 2020.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

Your Company recorded net sales of Rs.21.3 billion during nine months' period under review showing an upsurge of 14.2% largely due to higher sales volumes as compared to the corresponding period last year. However, the cost of sales increased by 16.3% which resulted in decline of gross profit by 4.4% as compared to the corresponding period last year. The operating profit was recorded at Rs.623 million as compared to Rs.1,014 million in the corresponding period last year.

Specifically discussing the performance during third quarter of the ongoing financial year, your Company achieved net sales of Rs.7.7 billion as compared to Rs.6.4 billion of the corresponding quarter last year reflecting an increase of 21%; however, cost of sales increased by 19.1% during the quarter as compared to the similar quarter last year. The gross margins were recorded at Rs.496 million (6.4%) during the quarter under review as compared to Rs.315 million (4.9%) in the similar period last year. Based on percentage of revenue, distribution expense increased slightly, whereas administrative expenses remained under control. However, finance cost significantly increased to Rs.583 million from Rs.370.4 million as compared to the corresponding quarter because of the increase in borrowing costs which has drastically increased in the recent months. The Company recorded loss after tax of Rs.374.6 million for the third quarter under review as compared to loss after tax of Rs.292.8 million of the corresponding quarter last year.

The financial performance for the quarter under review was seriously dampened by retrospective charge of Rs.466 million by K-Electric due to withdrawal of the Industrial Support Package Adjustment (ISPA) for the period July 19 to December 31 2019 and Fuel Charge Adjustment (FCA) for the period from July 2016 to June 2019. The recording of respective provisions has resulted in substantial decline in profitability of the Company for the nine months' period and quarter under review. The retrospective charges levied on the Company have been challenged in the Sindh High Court. Further to the above, the Company faced loss of production and sales for ten days in the month of March 2020 mainly due to lock down related to Coronavirus bringing the results for the quarter into the red.

The key financial highlights of the Company are as follows -

	Nine Months	Nine Months	Quarter	Quarter
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	(Rs. in millions)	(Rs. in millions)	(Rs. in millions)	(Rs. in millions)
Net sales	21,390	18,723	7,748	6,406
Gross profit	1,760	1,840	496	315
Operating profit	623	1,014	(1)	26
(Loss) / Profit before tax	(1,174)	154	(584)	(344)
(Loss) / Profit after tax	(688)	224	(375)	(293)
(Loss) / Earnings per share – basic and diluted (in Rupees)	(2.32)	0.75	(1.26)	(0.99)

COVID-19

The novel coronavirus emerged during the period under review and has significantly impacted the global and domestic economy. The International Health Regulations' Emergency Committee of the WHO has declared this outbreak as 'public health emergency of international concern'. The condition has deteriorated and may continue to do so in the coming months of 2020 potentially impacting the earnings and cash flows of the Company. The lockdown with uncertain timelines throughout the country due to COVID-19 pandemic has

increased susceptibilities in various sectors of the economy, both financially as well as non-financially, thus disrupting the entire supply chain. Since the scale and duration of this outbreak still remain uncertain, the Company is evaluating the potential impacts thereof and its response to mitigate the imminent threat.

Safety Measures

As a responsible citizen, we immediately stopped production at our both plants and all our employees were asked to stay at home. The top management worked from home making effective use of technology. Some skeleton staff was allowed to go to the office after taking all precautionary measures. No visitors are allowed to come into the premises of the Company. Staff who attended the offices were provided with masks, gloves and hand sanitizers at all locations. Maintaining social distance is now a new norm at Amreli.

Salaries & benefits and lay offs

Though production facilities are closed and cash collection cycle has come to a grinding halt, the interest costs never stops to accrue; the management of your Company has timely paid salaries and wages for the month of March and has decided to pay salaries for the remaining period of the financial year without any deduction or delay. No one from the work force has been laid off and we continue to support our workforce during these difficult times.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

According to the recent Report by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) issued on 14 April 2020, the stabilization efforts and regulatory measures taken by the Federal Government has resulted in prominent development in the country's economy. The SBP earlier projected a GDP growth rate at 3.3% for the Fiscal Year 2020 that was subsequently revised to 3.0%; however due to persisting COVID-19 pandemic condition, it is expected that GDP growth rate would further fall by the year end. To control the damage to some extent, the SBP has thrice reduced interest rate from 13.25% to 9% in the last couple of months against the wishes of the industries to bring it to 5% to support the sustainability of the economy during these difficult times. The SBP also took the initiative of deferment of payments due to the banks for a period of one year under BPRD Circular Letter No. 13 of 2020 dated 26 March 2020 without considering it a rescheduling which certainly will help companies in meeting their cash flows. To safeguard employment and to further help companies retain employees, the SBP took another good initiative to offer three months' salary as a long term loan to the business units at a nominal interest rate of 3% for those on active taxpayers' list and 5% for those who are not on the list.

On the date of writing this report, the lockdown continues to remain in full force. Our factories at Dhabeji and SITE are under complete shutdown. There has been no production in the entire month of April and the management is aggressively following up with the government using various forums to allow steel industry to commence its operations without which construction activities cannot take place, and the incentive announced by the Federal Government for the construction industry will remain a distant dream. With the loss of April, we are only left with two months of the financial year 2020 to reduce our losses to the maximum extent possible. How much we can achieve will largely depend upon the opening of steel industry and the entire supply chain to support its operation.

However, with the recent relief package announced by the Federal Government for the construction sector, it is expected that steel demand will increase after resumption of lockdown and upcoming Eid-ul-Fitr as builders and developers have been allowed to avail economic incentives of direct & indirect taxes and exemption of capital gains. Moreover, substantial tax reductions for Naya Pakistan Housing Projects should increase demand for the steel industry. Considering the expected demand, the management of your Company is hopeful that the relief package will give a boost to steel sector in the near to medium turn which would enable your Company to come out of the crisis caused by the macro-economic factors related to COVID-19. The decrease in interest rate by the SBP will also support the Company in reducing its interest cost and to cope up with working capital requirements in the next financial year.

SUGGESTIONS TO REVIVE THE STEEL INDUSTRY

Amreli Steels, one of the largest rebar manufacturers of the country, suggests following measures for the revival of steel industry:-

- a) Interest rates should be brought down to 5%:
- b) The benefit of current reduction in the policy rates should be passed on to the customers from the date of announcement by the SBP by both the conventional and Islamic banks;
- Credit rating agencies should be asked to maintain the last ratings of the entity for another year, if not two:
- d) Turnover tax should be reduced to zero for the steel industry and its downstream business;
- e) Alternate Corporate Tax should be abolished for five years;
- f) Existing turnover tax of past years should be allowed to be carried forward from 5 to 10 years;
- g) All tax credits, such as under section 65-B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, lapsing on 30 June 2020, should be allowed to be carried forward upto June 2023;
- h) All pending verifiable income tax refunds should be released immediately;
- Adjustment of sales tax refunds pertaining to closing inventory as on 30 June 2019 (due to change of sales tax regime) should be allowed immediately;
- i) Hundred percent input sales tax should be allowed adjustment against output sales tax;
- There should be no restriction on a manufacturer to sell to an un-registered person over and above Rs.100 million in a year and Rs.10 million in a month;
- Cost of electricity, which is the second largest cost in steel making after the raw material (scrap), should be reduced by restoring Industrial Support Package;
- m) On the custom's side, fixed ITP of US \$ 360 on scrap, having no justification, should be abolished immediately and all taxes should be charged on transactional value;
- Scrap being the raw material, which is not available locally in the required quantities, should not be subject to regulatory duty;
- o) The detention and demurrage charges at the port during the lockdown period must be waived.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Board of Directors of your Company express their gratitude to all stakeholders including our valued shareholders, employees, customers, financial institutions and suppliers for their encouragement and continued support to strengthen the Company.

For & on behalf of Board of Directors

Shayan Akberali Chief Executive Officer

25 April 2020

Karachi

Teizoon Kisat

اسٹیل کیصنعت کی بحالی کیلئے تحاویز

ملک میں ریار (سریا) بنانے والےسب سے بڑھنعتی نوٹش میں شامل امریلی اسٹیلز کی جانب سے اسٹیل کی صنعت کی بحالی کیلئے درج ذیل اقدامات تجویز کئے جاتے ہیں:

ا۔ شرح سودکو%5 کی سطح تک لایا جائے؛

ب۔ پالیسی ریٹس میں کی جانے والی حالیہ کی کواسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی جانب سے اعلان کردہ تاریخ سے ہی صارفین کو مقتل کیا جانا چاہیے اوراس کا اطلاق روایتی اوراسلامی بینک دونوں پر ہونا چاہیے۔

ج۔ کر بٹرٹ ریٹنگ ایجنسیوں ہے کہاجائے کہ اگر دونہیں تو تم از تم انظے ایک سال تک کیلئے ہی کمپنیوں کی گزشتہ کر بٹرٹ ریٹنگ کو برقر اردکھاجائے۔

د۔ اسٹیل کی صنعت اوراس کے زیلی کاروبار کیلئے مجموعی حجم بیٹیل (Turnover Tax) کی نثر کے کو صفر فیصد تک لایا جانا جا بیئے ۔

ھ۔ اگلے مانچ سالوں کیلئے متبادل کارپوریٹ ٹیکس (Alternate Corporate Tax) کومکمل فتم کردینا جاہیئے۔

۔ .. و۔ مجموعی کاروباری قیم پر لاگو پیچھلے سالوں میں اوا کئے جانے والے تیکس (Turnover Tax) کواگلے 5 ہے 10 سالوں تک استعمال میں لانے کی اجازت ہوئی جا ہیئے ۔

ز۔ تمام مکس کریڈٹس (جیسا کہ اکم بکس آرڈیننس2001 کے سیشن B-65 کے تحت) جن کی میعاد 30 جون 2020 کوئتم ہوری ہے کوجون 2023 تک بڑھا دینا چاہیئے۔

ح۔ تمام زیرالتواء قابل توثیق ٹیکس ریفنڈ ز کی ادائیگیاں فی الفور کرد نی حاہمیں۔

ط۔ سیزئیکس ایڈ جشمنٹ کی ادائیکیوں بابت اختا می انوینٹری تیارتؓ 30 جون 2019 (سیزئیکس بجیم میں تبدیلی کی وجہ سے) کی بھی فوراً اجازت دینے جاہئے۔

ی۔ مال کی فروخت پرلا گوئیلز ٹیکس کوسو فیصدی پیداوار پریلز ٹیکس میں ایڈ جسٹ کرنے کی اجازت دی جانی جاہئے۔

ک۔ صنعت کار پرید پابندی نہیں ہونی چاہیے کہ وہ ایک سال میں 100 ملین روپے اور ایک ماہ میں 10 ملین روپے سےزائد کا مال صرف رجسڑ ڈشمرہ افراد کو ہی دینے کا پابند ہو۔

ل۔ خام مال کے بعد اسٹیل کی صنعت میں سب سے بڑاخر چہ بکلی کی مدیش ہوتا ہے، اس ضمن میں کی لانے کیلئے انڈسٹر میل سپورٹ بیکچ کو بحال کیا جانا جا بیئے۔

م۔ کشم کی جانب سے خام مال پر 360 امریکی ڈالر کے تعین شدہ آئی ٹی پی کوفی الفورختم کیا جائے جس کا کوئی جواز نہیں بتا اورتمام ٹیکسوں کا نفاذ لین دین کی قدر پیڑی ہونا جا بیٹے ۔

ن۔ اسکریپ(ایک خام مال ہے جو کہ مقامی سطح پر طلب کے مطابق دستیا جنہیں ہوتا) کور یگولیٹری ڈیوٹی ہے مستشفیٰ قرار دیا جانا جا ہے۔

س۔ لاک ڈاون کے دوران بندرگاہ پر مال کور کھے یارو کے جانے کے چار جز کونتم کیا جانا چاہئے۔

اظهارتشكر

آپ کی نمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزتمام شراکت داروں بشمول قابل قدر حصص داران ، ملاز مین ،صارفین ، مالیاتی اداروں اورتز بیل کاروں کے تہددل ہے مشکور ہیں کہ ان کی ہ ہے۔ حوصلہ افزائی جمایت اور تعاون ہمارے شامل حال رہاہے۔

برائے ومنجانب بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز

2020يريل 2020

COVID-19

ز پرنظرع سے کے دوران ہی کورونا دائرس طاہر ہوااوراس وائرس کی جد سے مقامی اور بین الاقوا می میشتیں بری طرح متاثر ہوئی ہیں۔ عالمی ادارہ صحت کی انٹریشنل ہیلتوریگویشنز ایم حض ممیٹی نے اس وباءکو عالمی سطح پر صحت عامہ کیلئے ایک بڑا خطرہ قرار دے دیا ہے۔ صور تحال خراب سے خراب تر ہو چک ہے اور قوتع کی جارتی ہے کہ الی سال 2020 کے آئندہ مہینوں کے درمیان بھی صور تحال خرابی کی جانب ہی جائے گی جس کے منتی اثر ان کہ میں اور نظر قرم کی تر سل پر پڑے گا کورونا وہا ء کے بیش نظر غیر معیند مدت کیلئے لاگے جانے والے اس لاک ڈاؤن کی جد ہے ہماری معیشت کے نئی سیکر زمیس غیر بیشنی کی صور تحال ہے۔ یہ تنگی اثر ان سال بین اور تر سل کا پورافظام بھی بری طرح متاثر ہورہا ہے۔ چونکد اس وہاء کے جم اورطوالات کے بارے میں ابھی تمک لیقین سے کچھے بھی نہیں کہا جا سکا البترا کمپنی کی جانب سے اس وہاء کے بتیجے میں میریخینے والے میں کہ خوارے بیں اور منصوبہ بندی کی جارہی ہے کہ مکی نقصانات کو کم سے کم کیا جا سکے۔

حفاظتى اقدامات

بطور ذہ حدار شہری کپنی کی جانب سے اپنے دونوں پائٹس پر پیداواری عمل کونی الفورروک دیا گیااور ہماری جانب سے تمام ملاز مین سے کہد دیا گیا کہ وہ اپنے گھروں میں ہیں۔ جدید ٹیکنالو بی کا استعمال کرتے ہوئے اعلی انتظامی عبد بیداران نے اپنے گھروں سے ہی اپنے فرائفٹ مصی سرانجام دیئے۔ تاہم تمام اعمالے جانے کے بعد انتہاکی ضروری اسٹاف نے دفاتر میں اپنی ذمہ داریاں سرانجام دیں۔ کپنی کے احاطے میں کسی بھی مہمان کوآنے کی اجازت نہیں ہے۔ وفاتر میں آنے والے تمام اسٹاف کو ماسک، دستانے اور جراثیم شرکالول ان کے مقامات برفراہم کئے گئے۔ ساجی فاصلوں کی یا سداری کرنا اب امریکی میں ایک نیاضا بطہ بن چکاہے۔

تنخوا ہیں،مراعات اور ملازمتوں سے برخاتگی

گو کہ پیداواری صلاحیت اس وقت بندش کا شکار ہے اور رقوم کی محصولات کا ممل بھی تقریباً رک چکاہے نیز سود کا اطلاق بھی نہیں رکتا۔ اس کے باوجود آپ کی کمپنی کی انظامید کی جانب سے مارچ کے مہینے کی تخواہیں اور اجر تمیں پروقت اوا کی جا چک ہیں اور یہ فیصلہ کیا گیا ہے کہ رواں مالی سال کے بقیہ عرصے کے دوران بھی بلاتا نجرو کو تی ملاز مین کو ان کی شخواہیں دی جاتی رہیں گی۔ ملاز مین میں ہے کسی کی ملاز مت بھی ختم نہیں گی گئی اور ہم اس کڑے وقت میں اپنے ملاز مین کا خیال رکھنے کیلئے برعرم ہیں۔

مستفتل يرنظر

ر پورٹ بندا کی تحریک تاریخ تک لاک ڈاؤن اپی پوری قوت کے ساتھ جاری دساری ہے۔ دھانیجی اور سائٹ پرواقع ہماری فیکٹریاں کمل بندشر کا شکاریوں اپریل کے مہینے میں کسی میں میں کسی کوئی پیداوار نمیں گی گئی اور کمپنی کی انتظامیہ ہرفورم پر تکومت سے را بطے کررہ ہی ہے کہ اسٹیل میکٹیوں کو جلد از جلد پیدواری ٹمل شروع کرنے کی اجازت دی جائے جس کے بغیر اتحق صنعت کیلئے فراہم کی جانے والی حالیہ مراعات بھی تھی ایک جس کے بغیر اتحق صنعت کیلئے فراہم کی جانے والی حالیہ مراعات بھی تھی ایک خواب ہی جارت کی حد تک کم کرنے کیلئے مراح کے بالی حد ایک حالیہ میں تقسان کرد کے میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں کہ اس کے اس کا دارومداراس بات پر ہوگا کہ آئیل کی صنعت اور بلائی چین کے اس پورے نظام کوک کے والا جا تا ہے جس پریہ صنعت اتحال کی جائے ہوگی ہیں کے اس کو اس کو اس کے اس کے میں میں کہ میں کہ کے دارومداراس بات پر ہوگا کہ آئیل کی صنعت اور بلائی چین کے اس پورے نظام کوک کے دورا جاتا ہے جس پریہ صنعت اتحارکرتی ہے۔

تاہم وفاقی حکومت کی جانب سے تغیراتی صنعت کیلئے اعلان کردہ حالیہ ریلیف پیٹے ہے بیام مید ہے کہ لاکڈاؤن کے افتتام پراورعیدالفطر کے بعداسٹیل کی طلب میں اضافہ ہوگا کو تکداس پیکٹیج کے ذریعے بلڈرز اورڈویلپر زکو بلاواسط اور بالواسط ٹیکسوں میں چھوٹ دی گئی ہے اوراس کے ساتھ ساتھ سیٹی گین ٹیکس کی چھوٹ بھی دی جانچی ہوئے آپ کی برآں، نیا پاکستان ہاؤ سنگ پردجیکٹ کے حکمن میں دی جانے والی مزید چھوٹ بھی آسٹیل کی طلب میں اضافے کا باعث بنے گی۔ مزکوروں بلیف بھی کو مذاخر کھتے ہوئے آپ کی سیٹی کی انتظامیہ اس بات سے پرامید ہے کہ درمیانی مدتی عرصے میں اسٹیل کی طرح سود میں کی سے باعث آپ کی کمپنی اور فاور اور سنگ کی اور کیا ہے گی اور کیفیٹ سے بھی آپ کی کمپنی اور ٹی تھو کی الاگت میں کی کر باعث گی اور اسٹیس کی کر باعث گی اور اسٹیس اسٹیس کی کر باعث آئندہ والی سال کے دوران کمپنی اپنے در گلگ پیٹل کی ضروریات اپر دی کر کے تامی ہوگی۔

ڈائز یکٹرز جائز ہریورٹ

بورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز 31 مارچ2020 کوختم ہونے والی سدماہی ونو ماہی مے متعلق کمپنی کے مالیاتی وکار و باری امور کی بابت اپنی جائز در پورٹ آپ کی خدمت میں چیش کررہے۔ میں ۔

مالياتي وكاروباري اموركي ابهم جھلكياں

زیرنظرنوماہی کے دوران آپ کی کمپنی کی جانب سے 12.12ارب روپے کی صافی فرونتگی درج کی گئی ہے جوگزشتہ سال کی نوماہی کے مقابلے میں 14.24زائد ہے جس کی وجہ گزشتونوماہی کے مقابلے میں فروخت کے جم میں اضافہ تھا۔تا ہم زیرنظر عرصے کے دوران لاگت برائے فرونتگی میں 16.34 کا اضافہ ہواجس کی وجہ سے گزشتہ مالی سال کی نو ماہی کے مقابلے میں زیرنظرنوماہی کے دوران خام منافع میں 4.4 کی کی واقع ہوئی ہے۔گزشتہ مالی سال کی نوماہی کے کاروپاری منافع 623 ملین روپ کے مقابلے میں زیرنظرنوماہی کے دوران کاروپاری منافع 623 ملین روپ درج کیا گیا ہے۔

رواں مالی سال کی تیمری سدماہی کے دوران آپی کمپنی کی گل فروخت کا تجم 7.7ارب روپے درج کیا گیا ہے جبکہ گزشتہ مالی سال کی تیمری سدماہی کے دوران فروخت 6.4 ارب روپے درج کی گئی تھی اوراس طرح فروخت کے تجم میں 19 اضافہ ہوا ہے۔اس کے برعکس، گزشتہ مالی سال کی تیمری سدماہی کے مقابلے میں زینظر سدماہی کے دوران لاگت برائے فروخت میں 19.9 اضافہ درج کیا گیا ہے اوراس زینظر سدماہی کے دوران کمپنی کا خام منافع 644 ملین روپے (4.46) درج کیا گیا ہے جوگزشتہ مالی سال کے اس سدماہی کے دوران 15 ملین روپے (4.9% کی درج کیا گیا تھا۔ بلحاظ خرح آمدن مال کی ترتیل کے اخرجات میں معمولی سااضافہ درج کیا گیا ہے جبکہ انتظامی امور کے اخراجات کئرول میں رہے ۔ تاہم تو ملی لاگت غیر معمولی اضافہ ہے جس میں حالیہ مینوں کے دوران زبردست اضافہ در کیلئے میں آیا ہے۔ کمپنی کی جانب سے در پرنظر نوماہی کے دوران کر 3 گئی تھی جس کی بنیا دی وجد صول قرض کی لاگت میں اضافہ ہے جس میں حالیہ مینوں کے دوران دروں میں در پیچنا میں ایا ہے۔ کمپنی کی جانب سے در پرنظر نوماہی

انڈسٹریل سپورٹ پیٹے انڈسٹمنٹ (ISP) برائے جولائی 2019ء 3ہر 2019 واپس کئے جانے اور فیول چارج ایڈجشٹنٹ (FCA) برائے جولائی 2016ء تا جون2019 کی مدیس کے الیکٹرک کی جانب سے 466 ملین روپے کے چارجز عائد کئے جانے کی وجہ نے زینظر سہاہی کے دوران کمپنی کی مالیاتی کارکرد گی پرز بروست منفی ار است مرتب ہوئے ہیں۔ مؤکورہ چارجز کو کھا توں میں دینے کئے جانے اور کی مالیک کے جانے کے دوران کورونا وائرس کی وجہ سے کئے جانے والے ان چارجز کو کپنی کی جانب سندھ ہائی کورٹ میں چینئے کردیا گیا ہے۔ مزید برآن ، مارچ 2020 کے آخری کے دی دئوں کے دوران کورونا وائرس کی وجہ سے کئے جانے والے لاک ڈاؤن سے کپنی کی جانے کا مورک کے بارک طرح متاثر ہوئی۔

سمینی کی مالیاتی کارکردگی ہے متعلق اہم جھلکیاں ذیل میں پیش خدمت ہیں:

سه ما ہی اختنامیہ	سهابی اختثامیه	نومای اختشامیه	نو ما ہی اختثامیہ	
311رچ 2019	3020ي	311 ئى 1019	31دچ 2020	
(روپےملین میں)	(روپے ملین میں)	(روپیملین میں)	(روپیطین میں)	
6,406	7,748	18,723	21,390	كل فروختگى
315	496	1,840	1,760	خام منافع
26	(1)	1,014	623	كاروبإرى مينافع
(344)	(584)	154	(1,174)	منافع قبل ازليكس
(293)	(375)	224	(688)	منافع بعداز ٹیکس
(0.99)	(1.26)	0.75	(2.32)	آمدن/(نقصان) فی خصص مصلح المحاسم
				بنیادی تحلیلی (رویے میں)

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	INAIN	JIAL PUSITIO	14
AS AT 31 MARCH 2020		31 March 2020 (Un-audited)	30 June 2019 (Audited)
ASSETS	Note	(Rupees i	
160210	11010	(Nupoco i	555)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	5	17,107,908	16,965,602
Intangible assets		25,687	31,926
Long-term investments		15,289	15,289
Long-term deposits	_	134,504	137,746
		17,283,388	17,150,563
CURRENT ASSETS	_		
Stores and spares		1,199,434	1,337,910
Stock-in-trade	6	7,092,687	6,586,598
Trade debts		5,067,287	3,402,722
Loans and advances		54,645 28,258	18,798 35,940
Trade deposits and short-term prepayments Other receivables	7	374,887	127,402
Taxation – net	′	1,134,614	803,803
Cash and bank balances		50,673	147,039
Oddit dita balik balances	L	15,002,485	12,460,212
TOTAL ASSETS	-	32,285,873	29,610,775
	-	32,203,073	29,010,773
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital		2,970,114	2,970,114
Capital reserve		2,788,742	2,788,742
Accumulated profit		3,547,894	4,179,935
Actuarial loss on gratuity fund		(56,406)	(56,406)
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment – net of		2 205 406	2 261 200
tax	-	2,305,196 11,555,540	2,361,200 12,243,585
		11,555,540	12,243,363
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	_		. === =
Long-term financing		4,614,715	1,506,914
Loan from related party		444 400	280,000
Deferred taxation Deferred liability		414,108 236,511	900,142 205,420
Lease liabilities		69,906	205,420
Lease habilities	L	5,335,240	2,892,476
		-,,-	_,_,_,
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	8	2,826,040	3,560,081
Contract liabilities		487,397	280,783
Interest / markup accrued	9	411,202	352,787
Short-term borrowings	9	10,314,564 1,248,663	9,087,930
Current portion of long-term financing Current portion of loan from related party		93,333	1,186,554
Current portion of lease liabilities		7,852	_
Unclaimed dividend		6,042	6,579
		15,395,093	14,474,714
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	10	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	-	32,285,873	29,610,775
TOTAL ESCITT AND EINDICHTED	-	32,203,073	20,010,773

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (UN-AUDITED)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS AND QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	_	Nine month	s ended	Quarter-	Quarter-ended	
	_	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	
	Note			in '000)		
Sales		21,390,265	18,723,109	7,747,928	6,405,881	
Cost of sales		(19,630,105)	(16,882,764)	(7,251,658)	(6,090,860)	
Gross profit	_	1,760,160	1,840,345	496,270	315,021	
Distribution costs		(540,955)	(438,690)	(213,474)	(153,764)	
Administrative expenses		(462,571)	(371,455)	(152,546)	(134,773)	
Other expenses	11	(139,265)	(21,792)	(128,979)	23,688	
Other income		5,904	5,191	(2,736)	(24,207)	
Operating profit	_	623,273	1,013,599	(1,465)	25,965	
Finance costs	12	(1,796,829)	(860,091)	(582,990)	(370,453)	
(Loss) / profit before taxatio	n –	(1,173,556)	153,508	(584,455)	(344,488)	
Taxation - net	13	485,512	70,065	209,889	51,728	
Net (loss) / profit for the	_					
period	_	(688,044)	223,573	(374,566)	(292,760)	
(Loss) / earnings per share and diluted	– basic	Rs. (2.32)	Re. 0.75	Rs. (1.26)	Re.(0.99)	
	_					

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE **INCOME (UN-AUDITED)**

FOR THE NINE MONTHS AND QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Nine months ended		Quarter	-ended
	31 March 2020 	31 March 2019 (Rupees i	31 March 2020 n '000')	31 March 2019
Net (loss)/profit for the period	(688,044)	223,573	(374,566)	(292,760)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	(688,044)	223,573	(374,566)	(292,760)

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (UN-AUDITED)

	Issued.	Capital reserve	Revenue reserve		Revaluation	
	subscribed and paid-up capital	Share premium	Accumulated profit	Actuarial loss on gratuity fund	surplus on property , plant and equipment	Total
			(Rupees in '0	00)		
Balance as at 30 June 2018 (Audited)	2,970,114	2,788,742	4,727,294	(40,439)	2,434,441	12,880,152
Final dividend @ Rs.2.2 per Ordinary share of Rs. 10 each for the year ended 30 June 2018	-	-	(653,425)	-	-	(653,425)
Net profit for the period	-	-	223,573	-	-	223,573
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	223,573	-	-	223,573
Transferred to accumulated profit in respect of incremental depreciation during the period – net of tax	-	-	55,704	-	(55,704)	
Balance as at 31 March 2019 (Un-audited)	2,970,114	2,788,742	4,353,146	(40,439)	2,378,737	12,450,300
Balance as at 30 June 2019 (Audited)	2,970,114	2,788,742	4,179,934	(56,406)	2,361,200	12,243,584
Net loss for the period	•	-	(688,044)			(688,044)
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive loss for the period		-	(688,044)	-		(688,044)
Transferred to accumulated profit in respect of incremental depreciation during the period – net of tax	-	-	56,004	-	(56,004)	
Balance as at 31 March 2020 (Un-audited)	2,970,114	2,788,742	3,547,894	(56,405)	2,305,196	11,555,540

The annexed notes 1 to 19 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (UN-AUDITED)

N-AUDITED)	2020 /Bunasa in	2020 2019 (Rupees in '000)		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(Rupees III	000)		
(Loss) / Profit before taxation	(1,173,556)	153,508		
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation on:				
- Operating fixed assets	638,677	496,037		
- Right-of-use assets	7,548	-		
Amortization	9,831	8,489		
Provision for expected credit loss Provision for gratuity	99,318 45,145	16,02 26,89		
Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets	(272)	(300		
Exchange loss/(gain) on foreign currency	118,335	-		
Finance costs on:	113,555			
- Lease liabilities	4,071	-		
- Others	1,792,758	860,09		
	2,715,411	1,407,237		
Increase in current assets: Stores and spares	138,475	(142,981		
Stock-in-trade	(506,089)	(1,936,159		
Trade debts	(1,763,883)	(862,771		
Loans and advances	(35,847)	92		
Trade deposits and short-term prepayments	7,682	9,69		
Other receivables	(247,485)	54,06		
Increase in current liabilities:	(2,407,147)	(2,877,231		
Trade and other payables	551,702	362,869		
Contract liabilities	206,616	302,608		
Contract natinues	758,318	362,869		
Net cash used in operations	(106,974)	(953,617)		
Income taxes paid	(331,331)	(274,090		
Gratuity paid	(14,057)	(8,864		
Long-term deposits – net	3,242	(2,110		
Net cash used in operating activities	(449,120)	(1,238,681		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Fixed capital expenditure	(714,081)	(1,452,080		
Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets	9,092	798		
Additions to intangible assets	(3,592)	(14,659		
Net cash used in investing activities	(708,581)	(1,465,941		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(4== 440)	2.224.54		
Short-term borrowings – net	(177,444)	3,824,54		
Long-term financing – net Loan from related party	3,169,911 (186,667)	(101,117 280,000		
Finance costs paid	(1,738,414)	(668,610		
Dividend paid	(537)	(649,284		
Lease rentals paid	(5,514)	(3.0,204		
Net cash generated from financing activities	1,061,335	2,685,530		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(96,366)	(19,092		
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	147,039	131,074		
	50,673	111,982		



Chief Financial Officer

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE NINE MONTHS AND QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (UN-AUDITED)

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Amreli Steels Limited (the Company) was incorporated in 1984 as a private limited company and converted into a public unquoted company in 2009. The Company enlisted on Pakistan Stock Exchange in 2015. The Company is engaged in manufacture and sale of steel bars and billets. The registered office of the Company is situated at Plot No. A-18, S.I.T.E., Karachi

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act),
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants Pakistan (ICAP) as are notified under the Act; and,
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 and IFAS differs with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 and IFAS have been followed.

These condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2019. These condensed interim financial statements are being submitted to the shareholders as required by the listed Companies (Code of Corporate Government) Regulations 2019 and Section 237 of the Companies Act. 2017

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and the methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the Company's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 except as disclosed below:

3.1 New / Revised Standards, Amendments, Interpretations and Improvements

The Company has adopted the following accounting standards, amendments and interpretation of IFRSs and the improvements to accounting standards which became effective for the current period:

Standards, amendments and interpretation

IFRS 16 - Leases

IFRIC 23 - Uncertainty over income tax treatments

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

IAS 28 - Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments)

IAS 19 - Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendments)

Improvements to Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB in December 2017

IFRS 3 Business Combinations - Previously held Interests in a joint operation IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements - Previously held Interests in a joint operation IAS 12 Income Taxes - Income tax consequences of payments on financial instruments classified as

IAS 23 Borrowing Costs - Borrowing costs eligible for capitalization

The adoption of the above standards, amendments, interpretation and improvements did not have any effect on the accounting policies of the Company except for IFRS 16. The impact of adoption of IFRS 16 is explained in note 3.2 to these condensed interim financial statements.

3.2 Impact on adoption of IFRS 16 - Leases

IFRS 16 supersedes IAS 17 'Leases', 'IFRIC 4' Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, 'SIC-15' Operating Leases Incentives and SIC-27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. IFRS 16 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. Under IFRS 16, distinction between operating and finance leases has been removed and all lease contracts, with limited exceptions and will be recognized in statement of financial position by way of right-of-use assets along with their corresponding lease liabilities.

Lease obligations of the Company comprises of lease arrangements giving it the right-of-use over properties utilized as office premises and sales offices.

The Company adopted IFRS 16 with effect from 01 July 2019 using the modified retrospective method. Under this method, the standard is applied retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognised at the date of initial application with no restatement of comparative information. The Company elected to use the transition practical expedient allowing the Company to use a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with the similar characteristics.

The right-of-use assets were recognized based on the amount equal to lease liabilities, adjusted for any related prepaid lease payments previously recognized. Lease liabilities were recognized based on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application.

The lease liabilities as at 01 July 2019 can be reconciled to the operating lease commitments as of 30 June 2019 as follows:

	Rupees in '000
Operating lease commitments as at 30 June 2019	41,806
Impact of discounting Other adjustment	(8,473) (3,290)
Lease liabilities at 01 July 2019	30,043
Weighted average incremental borrowing rate as at 01 July 2019	13.72%

The impact of adoption of IFRS 16 as at 01 July 2019 (increase/ (decrease)) is as follows:

	Rupees in '000
Assets Property, plant and equipment Prepayments Total assets	33,333 (3,290) 30,043
Liabilities Lease liabilities Current portion of lease liabilities	25,043 5,000 30,043

The impact of adoption of IFRS 16 for the period ended 31 March 2020 is as follows:

Condensed interim statement of profit and loss

Condensed internit statement of profit and loss	
Depreciation charge on right-of-use assets	7,548
Interest expense on lease liabilities	4,070
Deferred tax credit on right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities - net	590

4. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan requires the management to make estimates, assumptions and use judgments that affect the application of policies and the reported amount of assets and liabilities and income and expenses.

Judgements and estimates made by the management in the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are same as those applied in the Company's annual unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019, except as disclosed otherwise.

The Company follows the practice to conduct actuarial valuation as at year end. Hence, the impact of remeasurement of staff retirement benefit fund has not been incorporated in these condensed interim financial statements.

		Note	31 March 2020 (Un-audited) (Rupees i	30 June 2019 (Audited) n '000)
5.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets	5.1	14,810,218	14,729,718
	Capital work-in-progress	5.2	2,221,967	2,235,884
	Right-of-use of assets		75,723	-
			17,107,908	16,965,602
5.1	Operating fixed assets			
	Balance at the beginning of the period / year		14,729,718	13,243,636
	Additions during the period / year	5.1.1	727,998	2,171,498
	Disposals during the period / year	5.1.1	(8,821)	(518)
	Depreciation charged during the period / year		(638,677)	(684,898)
	Balance at the end of the period / year		14,810,218	14,729,718

5.1.1 Details of additions and disposals are as follows:

	Additions	s (cost)	Deletions (Net book value)		
	31 March 2020 (Un-audited)	31 March 2019 (Un-audited)	31 March 2020 (Un-audited)	31 March 2019 (Un-audited)	
		(Rupees i	n '000)		
leasehold land	222,153	-	-	_	
Buildings on leasehold land	90,020	30,073	-	-	
Plant and machinery	382,365	468,141	-	-	
Furniture and fittings	1,261	12,197	27	-	
Office equipment	11,317	10,506	781	13	
Vehicles	11,941	10,627	7,792	315	
Computers	8,941	16,591	221	171	
	727,998	548,135	8,821	499	

5.2 Capital work-in-progress

Opening balance	Additions	Transfers to operating fixed assets	Closing balance
	(Nupees	iii 000)	
229,618	-	(222,153)	7,465
1,068,285	628,837	(358,200)	1,338,922
937,981	23,709	(86,110)	875,580
2,235,884	652,546	(666,463)	2,221,967
		31 March	30 June
		2020	2019
		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
		(Rupee	es in '000)
		1,406.67	1,974,244
		3,410,32	3,463,281
		1,364,66	746,594
		2,317,69	4 2,376,723
		7,092,68	6,586,598
	229,618 1,068,285	229,618 - (Rupees 1,068,285 628,837 937,981 23,709	Opening balance Additions operating fixed assets

7. OTHER RECEIVABLES

Includes sales tax refundable amounting to Rs. 374.062 million (30 June 2019: Rs. 127.055 million). The sales tax refundable amounting to Rs. 428.700 million pertains to closing inventory as of 30 June 2019.

Through Finance Act, 2019, Federal Excise Duty in sales tax mode was levied on steel melters under the second schedule of the Federal Excise Act, 2005. Previously, steel melters were discharging their sales tax liability under the Sales Tax Special Procedure Rules, 2007, on the basis of units of electricity consumed

Currently, the mechanism for adjustment of said amount is in development stage and in accordance with the opinion of its tax advisor, the Company is confident that the amount would be recovered in due course.

TRADE & OTHER PAYABLE 8.

Trade and other payable includes provisions for Fuel Adjustment charges amounting to Rs. 128.385 million, and Industrial Support Package adjustment amounting to Rs. 272.670 million (30 June 2019: Nil) and Murahaba Rs. 1,129.700 million (30 June 2019: Rs. 2,415.764 million)

SHORT-TERM BORROWING

During the period, the Company utilized a new financing facility in foreign currency amounting to Rs.1691.542 million (30 June 2019: Nil) from commercial and Islamic banks for working capital funding. This carries markup ranging from 3.75% to 5.75% per annum inclusive of LIBOR, and is secured against present and future current assets of the Company.

10. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

10.1 Contingencies

There were no material changes in the status of contingencies as reported in the annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 except as described below.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (DCIR), Large Taxpayers' Unit (LTU), Karachi passed an Order on the contention that the Company had violated the provisions of Rule 58H of Chapter XI of the Sales Tax Special Procedure Rules, 2007 and raised an alleged demand of Rs. 2,013.620 million for the tax periods July 2013 to December 2014. The Company filed an appeal against the Order at the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) and had secured interim stay from the Honorable High Court of Sindh. However, during preceding financial year, the ATIR has decided the case in favour of the Company. During the period, the Federal Board of Revenue filed reference application at the Honorable High Court of Sindh against ATIR's Order. Although the case is still pending adjudication, the company based on the merit of the case and as per the advice of the legal advisor expects a favourable outcome on this matter and accordingly, no provision has been made in these condensed interim financial statements.

During the period under review, the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, Large Taxpayers' Unit, Karachi issued show-cause notice under Section 11(2) of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 for alleged non-charging of further tax on the supplies made to unregistered persons and raised an alleged demand of Rs.305 million for the tax periods July 2015 to June 2017. The Company had filed a Constitutional Petition before the Hon'ble High Court of Sindh which issued an interim order, restraining any coercive action against the Company. The stay will remain in field until further directions from the High Court. The management, based on legal advice, is confident that the eventual outcome will be in favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in this respect in these financial statements.

31 March

2020

31 March

30 June

30 June

2019

	(Un-audited) (Rupees	(Audited) in '000)
10.2 Commitments		
10.2.1 Outstanding letters of credit	4,983,623	3,153,847
10.2.2 Outstanding letters of guarantee	520,521	490,521

10.2.3 Commitments for rentals payable under Ijarah contracts in respect of vehicles and plant and machinery with Islamic banks are as follows:

	2020 (Un-audited) (Rupees	2019 (Audited) n '000)	
Not later than one year	42,987	56,834	
Later than one year but not later than five years	53,129	85,184	

11. OTHER EXPENSES

Includes exchange loss on foreign currency loans amounting to Rs. 126.868 million. (31 March 2019 : Nil)

12. FINANCE COSTS

Includes mark up on long-term financing and short-term borrowings amounting to Rs. 505.699 million and Rs.1239.518 million (31 March 2019: Rs. 161.364 million and Rs. 682.062 million), respectively.

Nine Mont	hs ended
31 March	31 March
2020	2019
(Un-aı	ıdited)
(Rupees	in '000)

13. TAXATION - net

Current	320,513	474
Deferred	(806,025)	(70,539)
	(485,512)	(70,065)

14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. These condensed interim financial statements do not include all financial risk management information and disclosures which are required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019. There have been no change in any risk management policies since the year end.

15. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

There were no transfers amongst levels during the period.

16. TRANSACTION WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Company comprise of directors, major shareholders of the Company, key management personnel and retirement benefit funds. Details of transactions with related parties during the period, other than those disclosed elsewhere in these condensed interim financial statements are as follows:

Nature of transaction	Relationship with the company Nine Mon		Nine Months Ended		nded
		31 March 2020 (Unaudited) (Rupees	31 March 2019 (Unaudited) in '000)	31 March 2020 (Unaudited) (Rupees i	31 March 2019 (Unaudited) n '000)
Meeting fee	Directors	1,850	2,050	500	550
Remuneration and other benefits	Key management personnel	164,881	180,570	52,935	66,002
Loan taken from related party	Chairman & Non- Executive Director		280,000		-
Repayment of loan from related party	Chairman & Non- Executive Director	214,932	-	194,376	_
Interest expense charged on loan from related party	Chairman & Non- Executive Director	23,132	10,303	4,939	7,284
Donation to Hunar Foundation	Associate (Common Directorship)	873	200	-	-
Sale of steel bars to Hunar Foundation	Associate (Common Directorship)	777	-	-	-
Purchase of food items from Hobnob Bakeries	Associate (Common Directorship)	124	171	40	30
Contribution to staff gratuity fund	Retirement benefit fund	45,145	26,893	15,048	8,964
Balances					
Loan payable to related party (principal plus interest)	Chairman & Non- Executive Director	98,272	290,303		-
Receivable from Hunar Foundation	Associate (Common Directorship)	594	503	-	-

17. OPERATING SEGMENTS

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.

Revenue from export sales represents 0.27% (March 31, 2019: 0.25%) of the total gross revenue of the Company.

All non-current assets of the Company as at 31 March 2020 and 2019 are located in Pakistan.

Sales made by the Company to its 20 major customers during the period constituted 30% (31 March 2019; 32%) of total sales.

18. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue on 25 April 2020 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

19. GENERAL

- 19.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand Rupee, unless otherwise stated.
- **19.2** Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, where necessary, for the purpose of comparison.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

Chief Financial Officer

Investors' Education

In pursuance of SRO 924(1)/2015 dated September 9th, 2015 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), the following informational message has been reproduced to educate investors.





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